Review 1

When Shocked in Rome

I. 文意字彙與詞類變化：36%

_____ 1. After the race, Ben was out of b_____h and his heart was beating very fast.

_____ 2. Steve has several meetings to attend every day. He has a very busy s_____e.

_____ 3. As the CEO, Calvin is willing to e_____e new ideas and search for new strategies.

_____ 4. It a_____hed the world that a computer program could beat the world champion in a Go match.

_____ 5. After years of hard work, Doris finally r_____ed her dream of becoming a leading actress.

_____ 6. The world's rain forests are d_____ring quickly because people cut down 15 billion trees each year.

_____ 7. With the widespread use of the Internet, people have a fast and efficient way to c_____e with each other.

_____ 8. As long as his _____ (survive) is still possible, the police will keep searching for the missing boy.

_____ 9. Lucy knocked on the door, but there was no _____ (respond).

_____ 10. For a meaningful _____ (culture) experience, the students decided to travel through Europe during the summer.

_____ 11. It is amazing that this little boy could _____ (memory) all the telephone numbers of his classmates and friends.

_____ 12. When you check in at a hotel, you will be asked to supply some information, _____ (include) your name and address.

II. 文法選擇：15%

（　）1. While Judy was in the hospital, her friends were only allowed _____ her at certain times.
(A) visit (B) visiting (C) to visit (D) to visiting

（　）2. After finally meeting Cindy, I found out _____ she was friendly and humorous.
(A) who (B) that (C) so that (D) in order to

（　）3. Albert usually has lunch at the restaurant next to his company. He thinks that the food there tastes _____.
(A) well (B) goodness (C) greatly (D) great

（　）4. My sister enjoys traveling in Japan. She _____ to Tokyo twenty times.
(A) has been (B) has gone (C) is going (D) was going

（　）5. Mr. Pratt left home early this morning. His wife didn't know _____.
(A) what he was going (B) where he went
(C) why did he get up early (D) when will he come back

III. 綜合測驗：15%

Nothing inspires me more than traveling. __1.__, I experience culture shock everywhere I go. Every place has something that is so different __2.__ my everyday life in Taiwan. The first time I traveled alone was on a trip to France. I'll never forget the first time I was introduced to a French girl. She said hello __3.__ me on the cheek!

I thought I'd learned my lesson that time and that I'd never be shocked again. I found out I was wrong during my time in Spain. I stayed with local hosts, and it __4.__ skip breakfast. I felt hungry all morning long, but I was too embarrassed to tell them. I feel __5.__ quite a lot already. Still, there's more to see on the next adventure!

（　）1. (A) In addition (B) However (C) Therefore (D) Thus

（　）2. (A) from (B) for (C) with (D) on

（　）3. (A) to kiss (B) to kissing (C) by kiss (D) by kissing

（　）4. (A) was common to them to (B) was common to them for
(C) was common for them to (D) was common for them for

（　　）5. (A) to experience　　(B) I have experienced
(C) like to experience　　(D) like experiencing

IV. 句型練習：16%

1. Why did Peter decide to drop out of school?（以 S + V + wh- (+ S) + V....改寫句子）
No one knew _____.

2. Look both ways before you cross the street.（以 It is important....改寫句子）
_____

3. Ellen wanted to buy the latest iPhone.
Ellen tried many different ways to earn some money.
（以 In order to + VR, S + V....合併句子）
_____

4. The puppy was brown and smaller than my hand.（以…no adj.-er than….改寫句子）
_____

V. 引導式翻譯：9%

1. 阿里山絕對值得一遊。首先，從觀景平臺欣賞日出是一個很棒的體驗。
Alishan is definitely worth a visit. _____ _____ _____, watching the sunrise from the viewing platform is a marvelous experience.

2. Carrie 剛剛搬進去，她房間除了一張桌子和椅子外根本沒什麼家具。
Carrie just moved in, and her room basically has no furniture _____ _____ a table and a chair.

3. 我想跟你去旅行。另一方面，我需要存錢買一臺新筆電。
I'd like to go traveling with you. _____ _____ _____ _____, I need to save money for a new laptop.

VI. 閱讀測驗：9%

When you travel, you should do your best to fit in. At the very least, you should learn how the local people greet each other. Here are a few ways people around the world say "Hello."

In many places, sticking out your tongue at someone is rude. In Tibet, however, this is used as a greeting. It is believed that monks used to stick out their tongues to show they were peaceful. This is because of an old story about an evil king who had a black tongue. By showing that their tongues were not black, the monks proved that they were good people.

In places like Qatar, Yemen, and Oman, people bump their noses together to say hello. A few taps is considered normal. But this is only done between men.

When you are traveling in southern Europe or Latin America, remember to use the air kiss. Men and women brush their cheeks together and kiss the air. Usually it is done three or four times.

Keep these greetings in mind on your next trip overseas. You never know when they might be useful!

（　　）1. What is the passage mainly about?

(A) Why sticking out your tongue is not rude in Tibet.

(B) How you can greet your friends from Qatar or Yemen.

(C) How to air-kiss when you meet your friends in Europe.

(D) How people greet each other in different parts of the world.

（　　）2. Which of the following statements is true?

(A) It is not considered rude to stick out your tongue in Europe.

(B) Men and women in Latin America usually air-kiss only twice.

(C) Learning how local people greet one another can help you to fit in.

(D) In Oman, bumping noses as a way of greeting is common among women.

（　　）3. Where would you probably find this passage?

(A) In a history textbook.

(B) In a travel guidebook.

(C) In a fashion magazine.

(D) In a book on the customs of Tibet.